



















Datasheet

AUO

P238HAN01.0

UP-02-148

The information contained in this document has been carefully researched and is, to the best of our knowledge, accurate. However, we assume no liability for any product failures or damages, immediate or consequential, resulting from the use of the information provided herein. Our products are not intended for use in systems in which failures of product could result in personal injury. All trademarks mentioned herein are property of their respective owners. All specifications are subject to change without notice.



Model Name: P238HAN01.0

Issue Date: 2016/08/31

- (*)Preliminary Specifications
- ()Final Specifications



Contents

 1.3. Mechanical Charact 2. Electrical Specificati 	eristicson		
Customer Signature	Date	AUO	Date
Approved By		Approval By PM Director Kelly Kao	
Note		Reviewed By RD Director Edward Lai	
		Reviewed By Project Lead Jerry Lin	der
		Prepared By PM	
		Antonio Kuo	
2.3. Electrical Character	istics		1
•			
2.5. Power ON/OFF Sec 3. Backlight Unit	1		_



3.1.	Block Diagram	25
3.2.	Interface Connection	26
3.3.	Electrical Characteristics	29
4.	Reliability Test Items	32
5.	International Standard	33
5.1.	Safety	33
5.2.	EMC	33
6.	Packing	
6.1.	Definition of Label	34
6.2.	Packing Methods	35
6.3.	Pallet and Shipment Information	36
7.	Precautions Mounting Precautions Operating Precautions	37
7.1.	Mounting Precautions	37
7.2.	Operating Precautions	37
7.3.	Operating Condition for Public Information Display	37
7.4.	Electrostatic Discharge Control	38
7.5.	Electrostatic Discharge Control	38
7.6.	Storage	38
7.7.		39
8.	Design Guide for System	40
8.1.	The gap between LCM and system rear bracket should be bigger than 0.5mm	40
8.2.	The system bracket should be fixed on back cover firmly	40
8.3.	The EMI gasket should be uniform and not push panel strongly	40
8.4.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
by d	lual sides	40
8.5.	The system bracket and panel should be in parallel with having no gap after inser	ting
scre	ews	41
8.6.	Avoid scratching LCM, the rib on system front-cover should not exceed the botton	n
edge	e of LCM's front-bezel	41



Record of Revision

Version	Date	Page	Description
0.0	2016/04/14		First release
0.1	2016/08/31	40-41	Add "8.Design Guide for System"
0.1	2016/08/31	12	Drawing modified
			A_**
			7.
			497
			76,
			~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~
			* () * O
			. ~
			2,
		A (\\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\
	,		
	,,000		5
)	, 0 *
	\\		
	Sand Sand		
<u> </u>			i C
			C
			9
		7	2



1. General Description

This specification applies to the 23.8 inch wide Color a-Si TFT-LCD Module P238HAN01.0. The display supports the Full HD - 1920(H) x 1080(V) screen format and 16.7M colors (8 bits RGB data input). The input interface is Dual channel LVDS and this module doesn't contain a driver board for backlights.

* General Information

1.1. <u>Display Characteristics</u>

ITEMS	Unit	SPECIFICATIONS
Screen Diagonal	[mm]	604.70 (23.8")
Active Area	[mm]	527.04(H) x 296.46(V)
Pixels H x V	-	1920(x3) x 1080
Pixel Pitch	[um]	274.5 (per one triad) ×274.5
Pixel Arrangement	-	R.G.B. Vertical Stripe
Display Mode	-	AHVA, normally Black
White Luminance (Center)	[cd/m2]	300 (Typ.)
Contrast Ratio	-	1000 (Typ.)
Response Time	[msec]	14 (Typ., G/G)
Power Consumption	[Watt]	тво (тур.)
(LCD Module + Backligh unit)	ye*	LCD module: PDD (Typ.)=TBD @ White pattern, Fv=60Hz
	l Ž	Backlight unit : PBLU (Typ.) =11.6 @ls=55mA
Weight	[Grams]	2280+/-80
Outline Dimension	[mm]	543.0(H) x 317.4(V) x 11.2(D) (Typ.)
Electrical Interface	× -	Dual channel LVDS , 8-bit RGB data input
Support Color	-	16.7M colors
Surface Treatment	-	Anti-Glare, 3H
Temperature Range		
Operating	[℃]	0 to +50
Storage (Shipping)	[℃]	-20 to +60
RoHS Compliance	-	RoHS Compliance



1.2. Optical Characteristics

The optical characteristics are measured on the following test condition.

Test Condition:

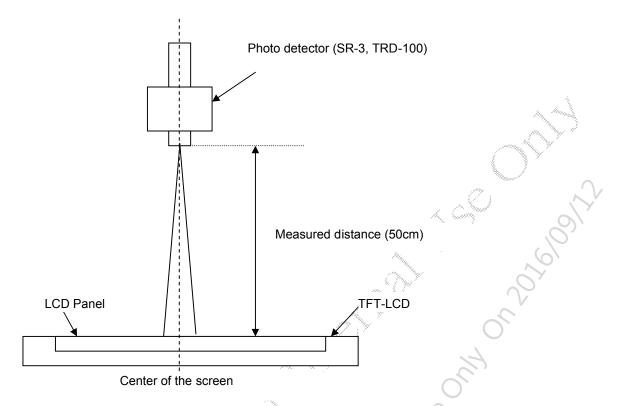
1. Equipment setup: Please refer to Note 1-1.

2. Panel Lighting time: 30 minutes

√DD=5.0)V, Fv=60Hz,Is=55mA,Ta=2	25°C						***
Symbol	Description		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark	
Lw	White Luminance (Cente	240	300	-	[cd/m2]	Note 1-1 By SR-3	/	
Luni	Luminance Uniformity	(9 points)	75	80	-	[%]	Note 1-2 By SR-3	<u>り</u>
CR	Contrast Ratio (Center	of screen)	600-	1000	-	-	Note 1-3 By SR-3	
θR	Horizontal Viewing Angle	Right	75	89	-			
θL	(CR=10)	Left	75	89	-		$ \rightarrow $	
ΦН	Vertical Viewing Angle	Up	75	89	-	Ċ.		
ΦL	(CR=10)	Down	75	89	-	[degree]	Note 1-4	
θR	Horizontal Viewing Angle	Right	75	89	-	[degree]	By SR-3	
θL	(CR=5)	Left	75	89	-			
ΦН	Vertical Viewing Angle	Up	75	89	-8			
ΦL	(CR=5)	Down	75	89	X.			
Т _{стс}	Response Time	Gray to Gray	-	14	-	[msec]	Note 1-5 By TRD-100	
Rx		Red x	0.617	0.647	0.677			
Ry		Red y	0.303	0.333	0.363			
Gx		Green x	0.278	0.308	0.338			
Gy	Color Coordinates	Green y	0.584	0.614	0.644	_	By SR-3	
Вх	(CIE 1931)	Blue x	0.123	0.153	0.183	_	By 013-0	
Ву		Blue y	0.016	0.046	0.076			
Wx		White x	0.283	0.313	0.343			
Wy		White y	0.299	0.329	0.359			
	NTSC Area Ratio			72		[%]	By SR-3	
СТ	Crosstalk		_	_	1.5	[%]	Note 1-6	
<u> </u>	Cioostan					[,~]	By SR-3	
FdB	Flicker (Center of s	creen)	_	_	-20	[dB]	Note 1-7	
				-0	[]	By SR-3		



Note 1-1: Equipment setup:

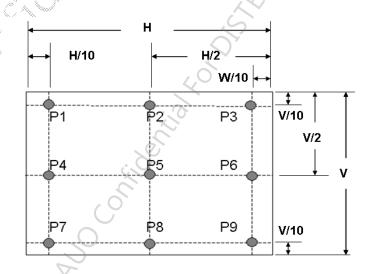


Note 1-2: Luminance Uniformity Measurement

Definition:

 $Luminance\ Uniformity = \frac{Minimum\ Luminance\ of\ 9\ Points\ (P1 \sim P9)}{Maximum\ Luminance\ of\ 9\ Points\ (P1 \sim P9)}$

a. Test pattern: White Pattern





Note 1-3: Contrast Ratio Measurement

Definition:

Luminance of White pattern Contrast Ratio = Luminance of Black pattern

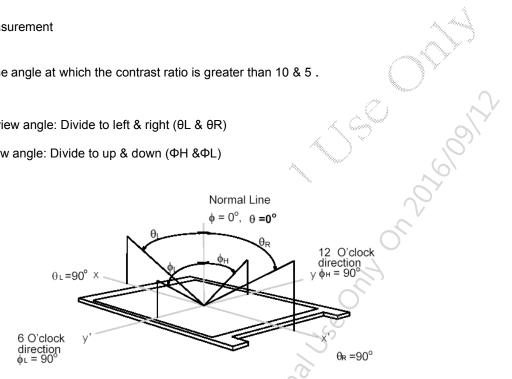
a. Measured position: Center of screen (P5) & perpendicular to the screen (θ = Φ =0°)

Note 1-4: Viewing angle measurement

Definition: The angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10 & 5.

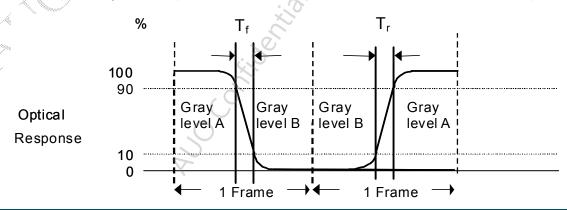
a. Horizontal view angle: Divide to left & right (θ L & θ R)

Vertical view angle: Divide to up & down (ΦΗ &ΦL)



Note 1-5: Response time measurement

The output signals of photo detector are measured when the input signals are changed from "Gray level A" to "Gray level B" (falling time, T_F), and from "Gray level B" to "Gray level A" (rising time, T_R), respectively. The response time is interval between the 10% and 90% of optical





response.

The gray to gray response time is defined as the following table.

Gray Level to Gray Level		Target gray level							
Gray Level to G	ilay Level	L0	L63	L127	L191	L255			
	L0								
	L63								
Start gray level	L127				\)			
	L191					7			
	L255			<i>h</i>		9			

■ T_{GTG_typ} is the total average time at rising time and falling time of gray to gray.

Note 1-6: Crosstalk measurement

Definition:

CT = Max. (CTH,CTV);

Where

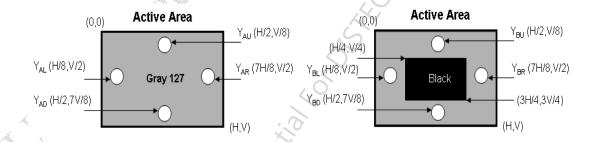
a. Maximum Horizontal Crosstalk:

CTH = Max. (| YBL - YAL | / YAL × 100 %, | YBR - YAR | / YAR × 100 %);

Maximum Vertical Crosstalk:

CTV = Max. (| YBU - YAU | / YAU * 100 %, | YBD - YAD | / YAD × 100 %);

b. YAU, YAD, YAL, YAR = Luminance of measured location without Black pattern
YBU, YBD, YBL, YBR = Luminance of measured location with Black pattern

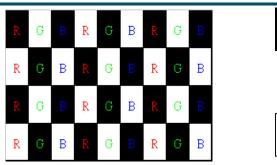


Note 1-7: Flicker measurement

a. Test pattern: It is listed as following.

Gray level = L0







b. Measured position: Center of screen (P5) & perpendicular to the screen ($\theta=\Phi=0^{\circ}$)



1.3. Mechanical Characteristics

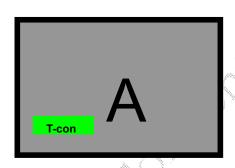
The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model PXXXXXXXXX In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

ı	tem	Dimension	Unit	Note
	Horizontal	543.0	mm	
Outline Dimension	Vertical	317.4	mm	
	Depth (typ)	11.2	mm	
Weight	2280+	-/-80	G (

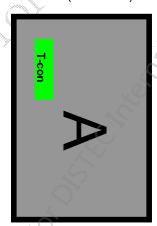
1.3.1. Placement Suggestions

- Landscape Mode: The default placement is T-Con Side on the lower side and the image is shown upright via viewing from the front.
- 2. Portrait Mode: The default placement is that T-Con side has to be placed on the left side via viewing from the front.

Landscape (Front view)

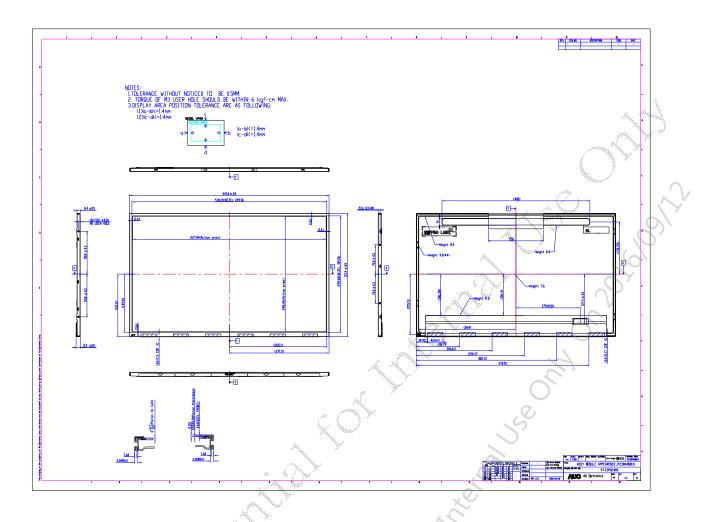


Portrait (Front view)





Mechanical Characteristics





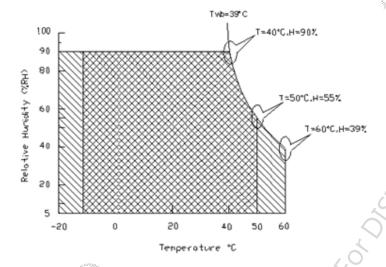
Absolute Maximum Ratings

The followings are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit Permanent damage may occur if exceeding the following maximum rating.

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Remark
TOP	Operating Temperature	0	+50	[oC]	Note 2-1
TGS	Glass surface temperature (operation)	0	+65	[oC]	Note 2-1 Function judged only
HOP	Operation Humidity	5	90	[%RH]	Note 2-1
TST	Storage Temperature	-20	+60	[oC]	
HST	Storage Humidity	5	90	[%RH]	\$ \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\

Note 2-1: Temperature and relative humidity range are shown as the below figure.

- 1. 90% RH Max (Ta \leq 39 $^{\circ}$ C)
- 2. Max wet-bulb temperature at 39°C or less. (Ta ≤39°C)
- 3. No condensation



Operating Range

Storage Range

+ ////

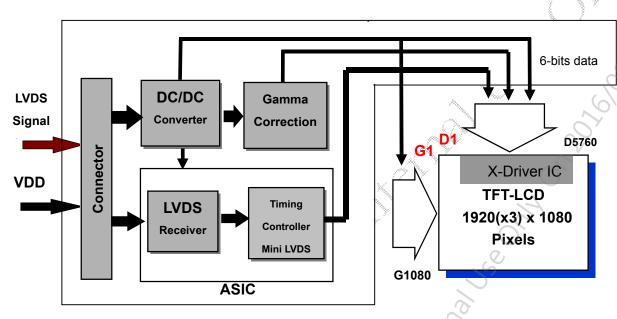


2. Electrical Specification

The P238HAN01.0 requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The other is to power Back Light Unit.

2.1. Block Diagram

The following shows the block diagram of the 23.8 inch Color TFT-LCD Module.



Control Board



2.2. Interface Connection

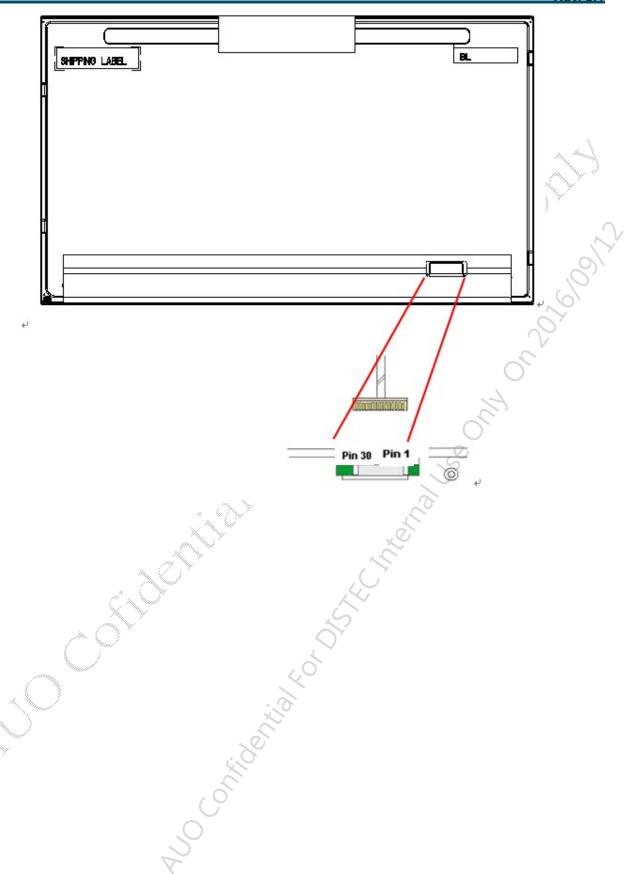
2.2.1. Connector Type

TFT-LCD	Manufacturer	P-TWO	STM	
Connector	Part Number	187034-3009	MSCKT2407P30HB	
Mating Connector	Manufacturer	JAE or Equivalent		
Mating Connector	Part Number	FI-X30HL (Locked Type)		

2.2.2. Connector Pin Assignment

PIN#	Symbol	Description	Remark
1	RxO0-	Negative LVDS differential data input (Odd data)	,
2	RxO0+	Positive LVDS differential data input (Odd data)	(6)
3	RxO1-	Negative LVDS differential data input (Odd data)	
4	RxO1+	Positive LVDS differential data input (Odd data)	7
5	RxO2-	Negative LVDS differential data input (Odd data)	0
6	RxO2+	Positive LVDS differential data input (Odd data)	0
7	GND	Ground	
8	RxOCLK-	Negative LVDS differential clock input (Odd clock)	
9	RxOCLK+	Positive LVDS differential clock input (Odd clock)	
10	RxO3-	Negative LVDS differential data input (Odd data)	
11	RxO3+	Positive LVDS differential data input (Odd data)	
12	RxE0-	Negative LVDS differential data input (Even data)	
13	RxE0+	Positive LVDS differential data input (Even data)	
14	GND	Ground	
15	RxE1-	Negative LVDS differential data input (Even data)	
16	RxE1+	Positive LVDS differential data input (Even data)	
17	GND	Ground	
18	RxE2-	Negative LVDS differential data input (Even data)	
19	RxE2+	Positive LVDS differential data input (Even data)	
20	RxECLK-	Negative LVDS differential clock input (Even clock)	
21	RxECLK+	Positive LVDS differential clock input (Even clock)	
22	RxE3-	Negative LVDS differential data input (Even data)	
23	RxE3+	Positive LVDS differential data input (Even data)	
24	GND	Must Connect to GND	
25	NC	No connection (for AUO test only. Do not connect)	
26	NC	No connection (for AUO test only. Do not connect)	
27	NC	No connection (for AUO test only. Do not connect)	
28	VDD	Power Supply Input Voltage	
29	VDD	Power Supply Input Voltage	
30	VDD	Power Supply Input Voltage	







2.3. Electrical Characteristics

2.3.1. Absolute Maximum Rating

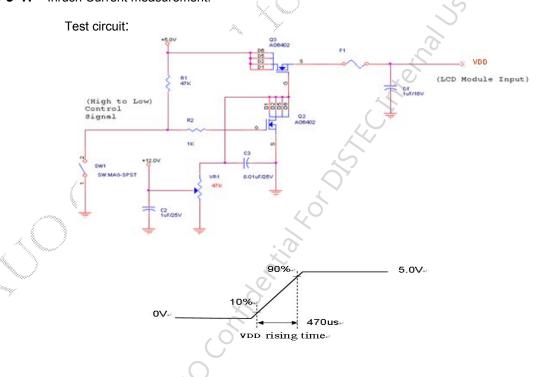
Permanent damage may occur if exceeding the following maximum rating.

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit	Remark
VDD	Power Supply Input Voltage	GND-0.3	6.0	[Volt]	Ta=25°ℂ

2.3.2. Recommended Operating Condition

Symbol	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Remark
VDD	Power supply Input voltage	4.5	5.0	5.5	[Volt]	
IDD	Power supply	-	0.6	0.72	[A]	VDD= 5.0V, All white Pattern, Fv=60Hz
טטו	Input Current (RMS)	-	0.7	0.84	[A]	VDD= 5.0V, All white Pattern, Fv=75Hz
PDD	VDD PowerVDD	-	3.0	3.6	[Watt]	VDD= 5.0V, All white Pattern, Fv=60Hz
אטט	Power Consumption	-	3.5	4.2	[Watt]	VDD= 5.0V, All white Pattern, Fv=75Hz
IRush	Inrush Current	-	-	3.0	[A]	Note 3-1
VDDrp	Allowable VDD Ripple Voltage	-	-	500	[mV]	VDD= 5.0V, All white Pattern, Fv=75Hz

Note 3-1: Inrush Current measurement:



The duration of VDD rising time: 470us.

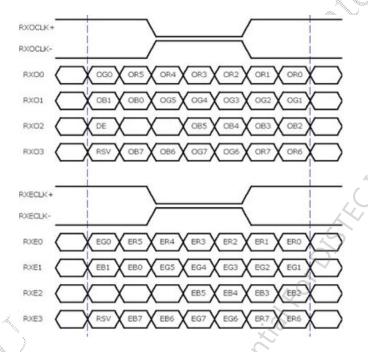
2.4. Signal Characteristics



2.4.1. LCD Pixel Format

	1			2				19	19	9	19	92	0	
1st Line	R G	В	R	G	В			R	G	В	R	G	В	
				•		:						•		<i>x</i>
				•								•		
				•					•			•		
				:		:			•					
1080 Line	R G	В	R	G	В					В	R	G	В	7000
ata Format	_						?		7					01.00
	\neg											/	7	

2.4.2. LVDS Data Format



8 Bit Color Bit Order								
MSB	R7	G7	В7					
, (R6	G6	B6					
	R5	G5	B5					
	R4	G4	B4					
	R3	G3	В3					
	R2	G2	B2					
	R1	G1	B1					
LSB	R0	G0	В0					

Note 3-2:

- a. O = "Odd Pixel Data" E = "Even Pixel Data"
- b. Refer to 3.4.1 LCD pixel format, the 1st data is 1 (Odd Pixel Data), the 2nd data is 2 (Even Pixel Data) and the last data is 1920 (Even Pixel Data).



2.4.3. Color versus Input Data

The following table is for color versus input data (8bit). The higher the gray level, the brighter the color.

												Col	or Inp	out D	ata											
Color Gray Level	RED data (MSB:R7, LSB:R0)					GREEN data (MSB:G7, LSB:G0)					BLUE data (MSB:B7, LSB:B0)				Remark											
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	В7	В6	B5	B4	ВЗ	В2	B1	В0	
Black	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Gray 127		0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	D	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Black
Red		• • •	:	:	:	• • •	• • •	::	:	:	:	• • •	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	9)
	L255	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Θ	0	
	Ш	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	/Q	0	Black
Green	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:()	:	:	
	L255	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Ш	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	Black
Blue	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	0	:	:	:	:	:	
	L255	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	₽ <mark>1</mark>	1	1	1	1	1	

2.4.4. LVDS Specification

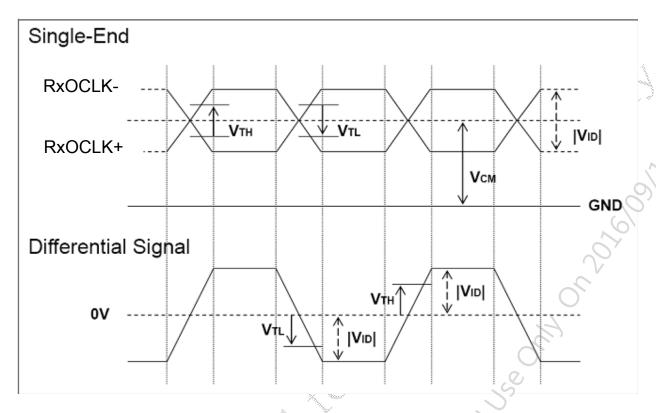
a. DC Characteristics:

Symbol	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Condition
VTH	LVDS Differential Input High Threshold	1	-	+100	[mV]	VCM = 1.2V
VTL	LVDS Differential Input Low Threshold	-100	-4	1	[mV]	VCM = 1.2V
[VID]	LVDS Differential Input Voltage	100	6/2/	600	[mV]	
VCM	LVDS Common Mode Voltage	+1.0	+1.2	+1.5	[V]	VTH-VTL = 200mV



LVDS Signal Waveform:

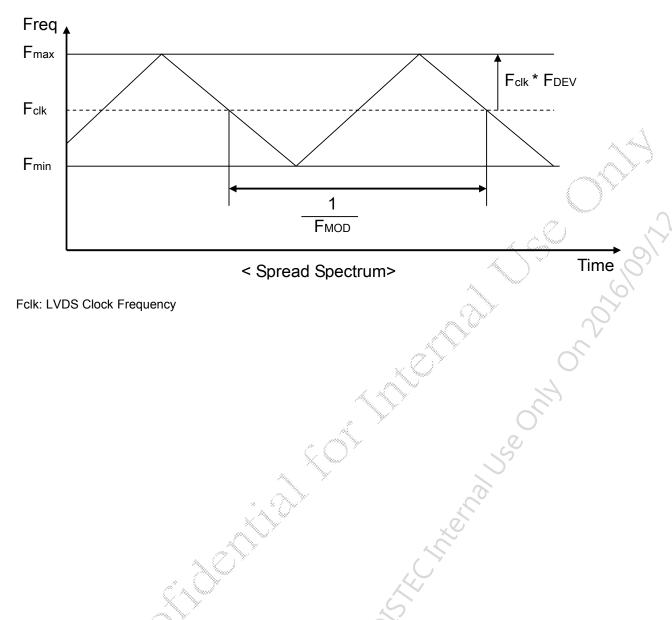
Use RxOCLK- & RxOCLK+ as example.



b. AC Characteristics:

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit	Remark
FDEV	Maximum deviation of input clock frequency during Spread Spectrum	- - -	± 3	%	
FMOD	Maximum modulation frequency of input clock during Spread Spectrum	16/1/19/	200	KHz	





Fclk: LVDS Clock Frequency



2.4.5. Input Timing Specification

It only support DE mode, and the input timing are shown as the following table.

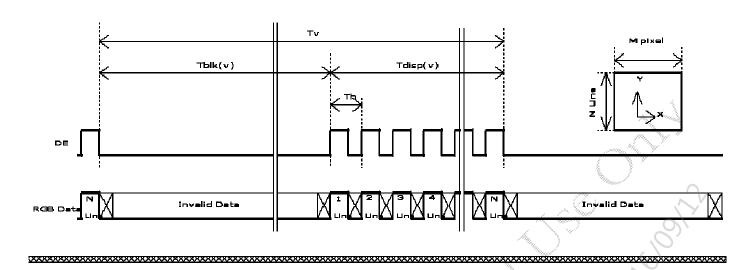
Symbol	Descript	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark	
Tv		Period	1094	1130	1836	Th	
Tdisp (v)	Vertical Section	Active	1080	1080	1080	Th	. /
Tblk (v)	vertical Section	Blanking	14	50	756	Th	
Fv		Frequency	49	60	76	Hz	O'Y
Th		Period	1000	1050	1678	Tclk	
Tdisp (h)	Horizontal	Active	960	960	960	Tclk	,0
Tblk (h)	Section	Blanking	40	90	718	Tclk	6
Fh		Frequency	53.7	67.8	90.0	KHz	Note 3-3
Tclk	LVDS Clock	Period	11.2	14.0	18.6	ns	1/Fclk
Fclk	LVD3 Clock	Frequency	53.7	71.2	90.0	MHz	Note 3-4

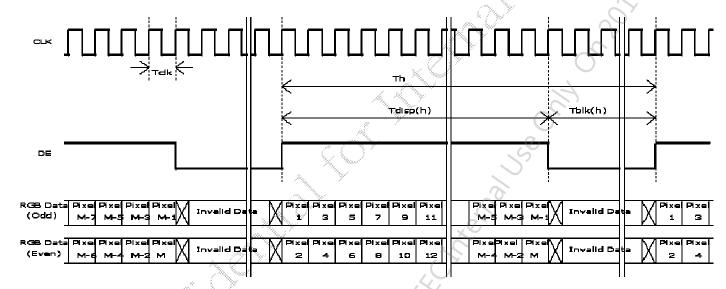
Note 3-3: The equation is listed as following. Please don't exceed the above recommended value.

Note 3-4: The equation is listed as following. Please don't exceed the above recommended value.



2.4.6. Input Timing Diagram

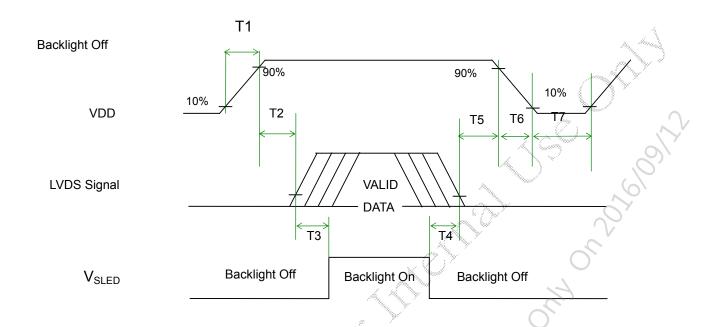






2.5. Power ON/OFF Sequence

VDD power,LVDS signal and backlight on/off sequence are as following. LVDS signals from any system shall be Hi-Z state when VDD is off.



Power Sequence Timing

		<u> </u>			
Symbol		Value	Unit	Remark	
Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Oilit	
T1	0.5	-	10	[ms]	
T2	0	-	50	[ms]	
T3 _^	500	-	<u></u>	[ms]	
T4	100	-	-	[ms]	
T5	0	.2	50	[ms]	Note 3-5 Note 3-6
Т6	0		200	[ms]	Note 3-6 Note 3-7
Т7	1000		-	[ms]	

Note 3-5: Recommend setting T5 = 0ms to avoid electronic noise when VDD is off.

Note 3-6: During T5 and T6 period, please keep the level of input LVDS signals with Hi-Z state.

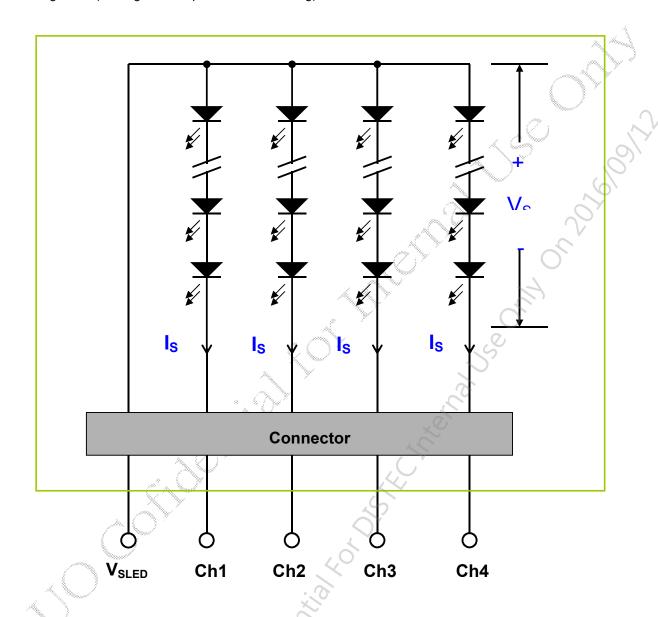
Note 3-7: Voltage of VDD must decay smoothly after power-off. (customer system decide this value)



3. Backlight Unit

3.1. Block Diagram

The following shows the block diagram of the 23.8 inch Backlight Unit. And it includes 68 pcs LED in the LED light bar. (4 strings and 17 pcs LED of one string).





3.2. Interface Connection

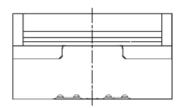
3.2.1.

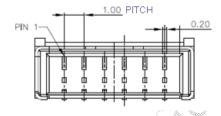
Connector Type

	Manufacturer	ENTERY
Backlight Connector	Part Number	3707K-S06N-21R (BLACK) (Locking Type, Wire Harness)
	Manufacturer	ENTERY or Equivalent
Mating Connector	Part Number	H112K-P06N-00B (Non-Locking type) H112K-P06N-03B (Locking type)

Backlight Connector dimension:

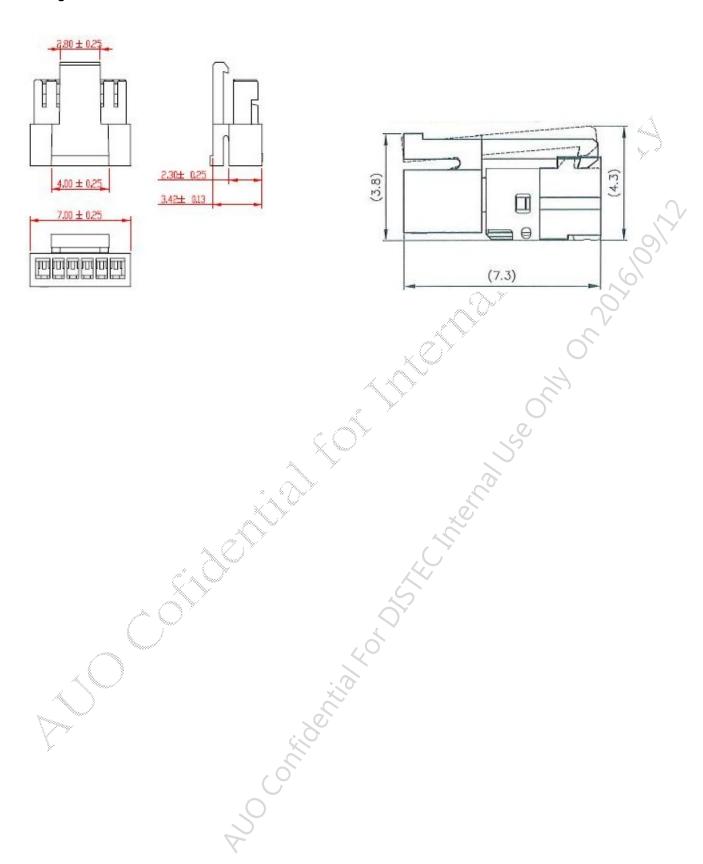
HxVxD=7.9x3.05x4.25,Pitch=1.0(unit=mm)







Mating Connector dimension:

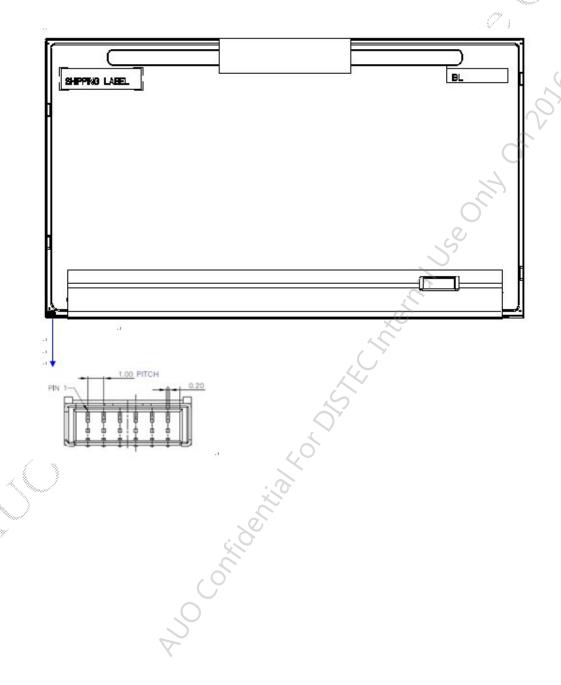




3.2.2.

Connector Pin Assignment

Pin#	Symbol	Description	Remark
1	Ch1	LED Current Feedback Terminal (Channel 1)	
2	Ch2	LED Current Feedback Terminal (Channel 2)	
3	V_{SLED}	LED Power Supply Voltage Input Terminal	A
4	V _{SLED}	LED Power Supply Voltage Input Terminal	1
5	Ch3	LED Current Feedback Terminal (Channel 3)	
6	Ch4	LED Current Feedback Terminal (Channel 4)	





3.3. Electrical Characteristics

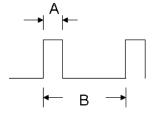
3.3.1.

Absolute Maximum Rating

Permanent damage may occur if exceeding the following maximum rating.

(Ta=25°C)

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit	Remark
			90	[mA]	100% duty ratio
Is	LED String Current	0	150	[mA]	Duty ratio≦ 10%
			150	[IIIA]	Pulse time=10 ms



Duty ratio= (A / B) X 100%; (A: Pulse time, B: Period)

3.3.2.

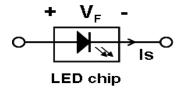
Recommended Operating Condition

(Ta=25°€)

Symbol	Description	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Is	LED String Current		55	60	[mA]	100% duty ratio of LED
15	LED onling ourrone	. 0			III/d	chip, Note 4-6
					.0	Is=55mA @ 100% duty
Vs	LED String Voltage	45.9	52.7	59.5	[Volt]	ratio; Note 4-1, Note
		r'		.()	<i>y</i>	4-5, , Note 4-7
A > 7	Maximum Vs Voltage			24	D /- 141	Is=55mA @ 100% duty
ΔVs	Deviation of light bar	-	- /	3.4	[Volt]	ratio; Note 4-2
В	LED Light Bar Power		11,6	13.1	[Watt]	Note 4-3
P _{BLU}	Consumption	-		15.1	[vvaii]	Note 4-3
LT _{LED} A	LED Life Time	50,000	0-	-	[Hour]	Note 4-4
OVP	Over Voltage Protection in	110%)		[\/olt]	Note 4-5
GVP	system board	Vs (max)	-	-	[Volt]	Note 4-5



- **Note 4-1:** Vs (Typ.) = V_F (Typ.) X LED No. (one string);
 - a. V_F: LED chip forward voltage, V_F (Min.)= 2.7V, V_F(Typ.)=3.1V, V_F(Max.)=3.5V
 - b. The same euqation to calculate Vs(Min.) & Vs (Max.) for respective V_F (Min.) & V_F (Max.);



- **Note 4-2:** ΔVs (Max.) = ΔV_F X LED No. (one string);
 - a. ΔV_{F} LED chip forward voltage deviation; (0.2V , each Bin of LED V_{F})
- Note 4-3: P_{BLU} (Typ.) = Vs (Typ.) X Is (Typ.) X 4; (4 is total String No. of LED Light bar)

 P_{BLU} (Max.) = Vs (Max.) X Is (Typ.) X 4;
- Note 4-4: Definition of life time:
 - a. Brightness of LED becomes to 50% of its original value
 - b. Test condition: Is = 55mA and 25°C (Room Temperature)
- Note 4-5: Recommendation for LED driver power design:

Due to there are electrical property deviation in LED & monitor set system component after long time operation. AUO strongly recommend the design value of LED driver board OVP (over voltage protection) should be 10% higher than max. value of LED string voltage (Vs) at least.

- Note 4-6: AUO strongly recommend "Analog Dimming" method for backlight brightness control for Wavy

 Noise Free. Otherwise, recommend that Dimming Control Signal (PWM Signal) should be synchronized with Frame Frequency.
- **Note 4-7:** Ensure that the LED light bar is not subjected either forward or reverse voltage while monitor set is on standby mode or not in use.



Reliability Test Items

AUO reliability test items are listed as following table. (Bare Panel only)

Items	Condition	Remark
Temperature Humidity Bias (THB)	Ta= 50℃, 80%RH, 300hours	
High Temperature Operation (HTO)	Ta= 50℃, 50%RH, 300hours	OY ,
Low Temperature Operation (LTO)	Ta= 0℃, 300hours	7
High Temperature Storage (HTS)	Ta= 60℃, 300hours	201
Low Temperature Storage (LTS)	Ta= -20℃, 300hours	
Vibration Test	Acceleration: 1.5 Grms Wave: Random	070
(Non-operation)	Frequency: 10 - 200 Hz	-50
(Non operation)	Sweep: 30 Minutes each Axis (X, Y, Z)	0,
	Acceleration: 50 G)
Shock Test	Wave: Half-sine	
(Non-operation)	Active Time: 20 ms	
	Direction: ±X, ±Y, ±Z (one time for each Axis)	



4. Reliability Test Items

AUO reliability test items are listed as following table. (Bare Panel only)

Items	Condition	Remark
Temperature Humidity Bias (THB)	Ta= 50℃, 80%RH, 300hours	
High Temperature Operation (HTO)	Ta= 50℃, 50%RH, 300hours	
Low Temperature Operation (LTO)	Ta= 0℃, 300hours	
High Temperature Storage (HTS)	Ta= 60℃, 300hours	(0)
Low Temperature Storage (LTS)	Ta= -20℃, 300hours	6
	Acceleration: 1.5 Grms	00
Vibration Test	Wave: Random	
(Non-operation)	Frequency: 10 - 200 Hz	0,
	Sweep: 30 Minutes each Axis (X, Y, Z))
	Acceleration: 50 G	
Shock Test	Wave: Half-sine	
(Non-operation)	Active Time: 20 ms	
	Direction: ±X, ±Y, ±Z (one time for each Axis)	



5. International Standard

5.1. Safety

- (1) UL 60950-1; Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including electrical Business Equipment.
- (2) IEC 60950-1; Standard for Safety of International Electrotechnical Commission
- (3) EN 60950-1; European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization (CENELEC), EUROPEAN STANDARD for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

5.2. <u>EMC</u>

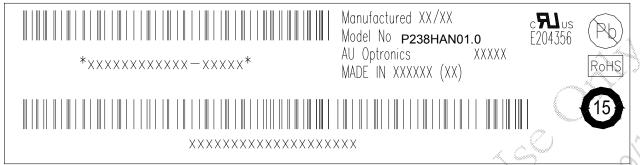
- (1) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40GHz. "American National standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- (2) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special committee on Radio Interference.
- (3) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization. (CENELEC), 1998



6. Packing

6.1. <u>Definition of Label</u>

A. Panel Label:



Green mark description

- (1) For Pb Free Product, AUO will add (Pb) for identification.
- (2) For RoHs compatible products, AUO will add RoHS for identification.

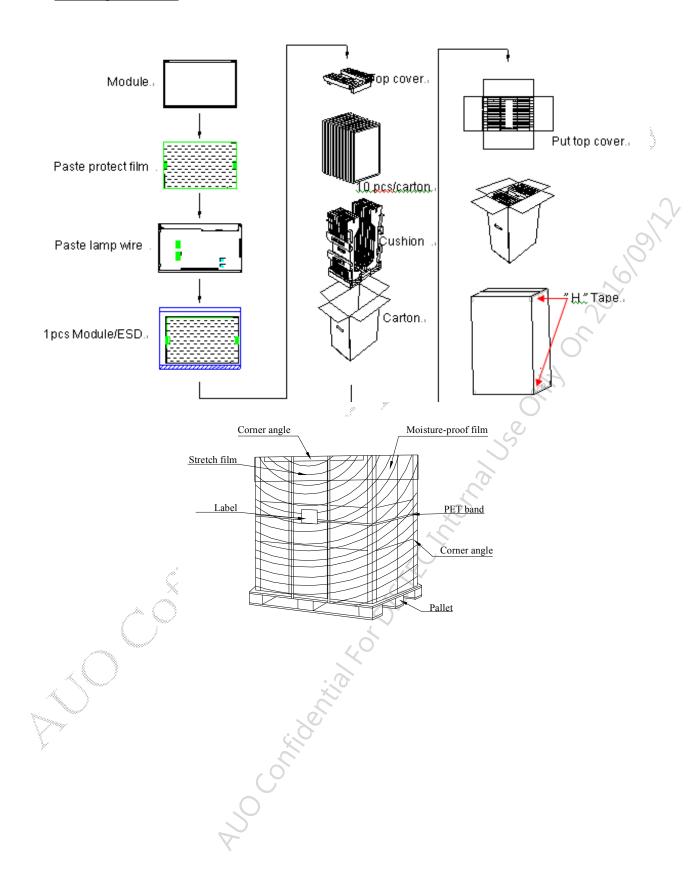
Note: The green Mark will be present only when the green documents have been ready by AUO internal green team. (definition of green design follows the AUO green design checklist.)

B. Carton Label:





6.2. Packing Methods





6.3. Pallet and Shipment Information

	Itom	Specification			Domork
	Item	Q'ty	Dimension	Weight(kg)	Remark
1	Panel	1	543.0(H) x 317.4(V) x 11.2(D) (Typ.)	2.280	Note 1
2	Cushion	1		1.7	
3	Вох	1	406(L)mm x 281(W)mm x 651(H)mm	1.2	without Panel & cushion Note 1
4	Packing Box	10 pcs/Box	406(L)mm x 281(W)mm x 651(H)mm	25.7	with panel & cushion <i>Note 1</i>
5	Pallet	1	1150(L)mm x 840(W)mm x 138(H)mm	12	Note 1
6	Pallet after Packing	16 boxes/pallet	1150(L)mm x 840(W)mm x 1440(H)mm	423.2	Note 1

Note 1: Estimated value which is subject to change based on real measured data.



7. Precautions

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

7.1. Mounting Precautions

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. twisted stress) is not applied to module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer.

 Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter cause circuit broken by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizer with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front/ rear polarizer. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

7.2. Operating Precautions

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage: V=±200mV(Over and under shoot voltage)
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer..)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature, (In lower temperature, it may become lower.) And in lower temperature, response time (required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interface.

7.3. Operating Condition for Public Information Display



The device listed in the product specification is designed and manufactured for PID (Public Information Display) application. To optimize module's lifetime and function, below operating usages are required.

- (1) Normal operating condition
 - A. Operating temperature: -10~50°C
 - B. Operating humidity: 10~90%
 - C. Display pattern: dynamic pattern (Real display).Note) Long-term static display would cause image sticking.
- (2) Operation usage to protect against image sticking due to long-term static display.
 - A. Suitable operating time: 20 hours or less a day.
 - B. Liquid Crystal refresh time is required. Cycling display between 5 minutes' information (static) display and 10 seconds' moving image.
 - C. Periodically change background and character (image) color.
 - D. Avoid combination of background and character with large different luminance.
- (3) Periodically adopt one of the following actions after long time display.
 - A. Running the screen saver (motion picture or black pattern)
 - B. Power off the system for a while
- (4) LCD system is required to place in well-ventilated environment. Adapting active cooling system is highly recommended.
- (5) Product reliability and functions are only guaranteed when the product is used under right operation usages. If product will be used in extreme conditions, such as high temperature/ humidity, display stationary patterns, or long operation time etc..., it is strongly recommended to contact AUO for filed application engineering advice. Otherwise, its reliability and function may not be guaranteed. Extreme conditions are commonly found at airports, transit stations, banks, stock market and controlling systems.

7.4. Electrostatic Discharge Control

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wristband etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

7.5. Precautions for Strong Light Exposure

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

7.6. Storage

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5℃ and 35℃ at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they



be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

- (3) Storage condition is guaranteed under packing conditions.
- (4) The phase transition of Liquid Crystal in the condition of the low or high storage temperature will be recovered when the LCD module returns to the normal condition.

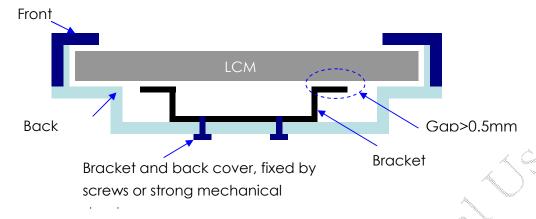
7.7. <u>Handling Precautions for Protection Film</u>

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.

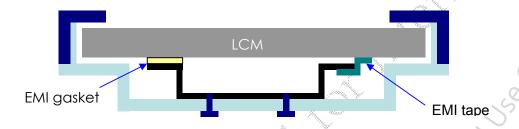


8. Design Guide for System

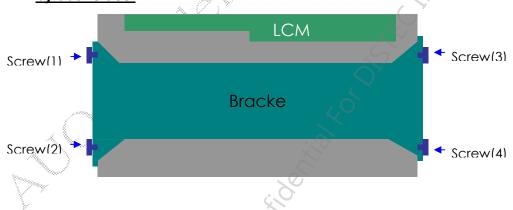
- 8.1. The gap between LCM and system rear bracket should be bigger than 0.5mm.
- 8.2. The system bracket should be fixed on back cover firmly.



8.3. The EMI gasket should be uniform and not push panel strongly.

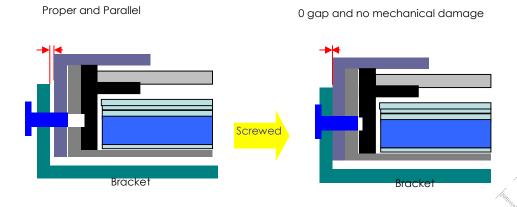


8.4. For stable assembly, the system bracket should use 4 screws to fix system and panel by dual sides.

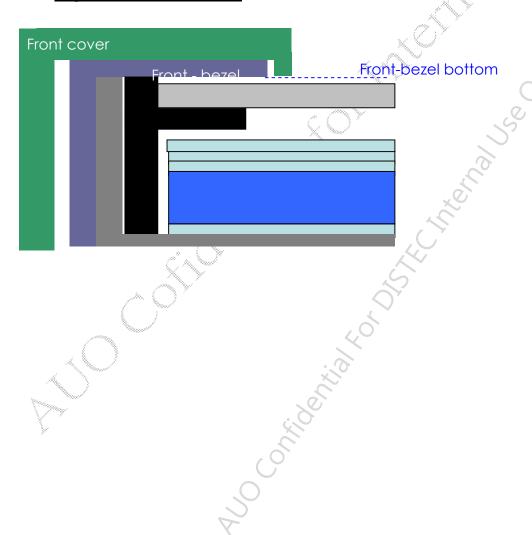




8.5. <u>The system bracket and panel should be in parallel with having no gap after inserting screws.</u>



8.6. <u>Avoid scratching LCM, the rib on system front-cover should not exceed the bottom</u> edge of LCM's front-bezel.





Our company network supports you worldwide with offices in Germany, Austria, Switzerland, the UK and the USA. For more information please contact:

Headquarters

Germany





FORTEC Elektronik AG

Lechwiesenstr. 9 86899 Landsberg am Lech

 Phone:
 +49 8191 91172-0

 E-Mail:
 sales@fortecag.de

 Internet:
 www.fortecag.de

Fortec Group Members

Austria





FORTEC Elektronik AG

Office Vienna

Nuschinggasse 12 1230 Wien

Phone: +43 1 8673492-0
E-Mail: office@fortec.at
Internet: www.fortec.at

Germany





Distec GmbH

Augsburger Str. 2b 82110 Germering

Phone: +49 89 894363-0
E-Mail: info@distec.de
Internet: www.distec.de

Switzerland





ALTRAC AG

Bahnhofstraße 3 5436 Würenlos

Phone: +41 44 7446111
E-Mail: info@altrac.ch
Internet: www.altrac.ch

United Kingdom





Display Technology Ltd.

Osprey House, 1 Osprey Court Hichingbrooke Business Park Huntingdon, Cambridgeshire, PE29 6FN

Phone: +44 1480 411600

E-Mail: <u>info@displaytechnology.co.uk</u> Internet: <u>www. displaytechnology.co.uk</u>

USA



APOLLO DISPLAY TECHNOLOGIES

Apollo Display Technologies, Corp.

87 Raynor Avenue, Unit 1Ronkonkoma, NY 11779

Phone: +1 631 5804360
E-Mail: info@apollodisplays.com
Internet: www.apollodisplays.com